



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## ARCHÆOLOGICAL PROGRESS IN PALESTINE AND SYRIA

The *Quarterly Statement* of the Palestine Exploration should be taken and read by everyone interested in the archæology of Palestine. We may here only refer to the concise account of recent work in that land for the period July 1920–December 1921 from the pen of Professor Garstang, Director of the British School, in the April number of the *Statement*. The same number contains a reprint in part of an excellent article by Prof. R. A. S. Macalister, which appeared in the November number of the *Expository Times* on “Thirty Years of Palestine Exploration.”

The French journal *Syrie* keeps us informed of the forward movements being pressed in Syrian archæology. The works undertaken there, as reported in the volume for 1921, include: (1) Excavations at Tell Nebi Minda (Kadesh of the Hittites (?)); (2) the study of the mediæval monuments at Tortosa; (3) continuation of excavation at Sidon; (4) excavations at Tyre. Notice is made of the remarkable finds at Byblos, where in addition to the names of inscriptions of Rameses II and Thothmes III inscribed vases of kings Unas and Pepi, V and VI Dynasty, respectively, have been discovered. In view of these notable finds the French Academy of Inscriptions and Belles-Lettres has determined to undertake further excavations at this ancient meeting-point of Egypt and Syria.

A Palestine Oriental Society was founded in Jerusalem through the stimulus of Professor Clay, and is publishing a most creditable JOURNAL, now in its second volume, Director Albright being one of the editors. We have also to note the establishment of an Arab Academy at Damascus, which has begun publishing a journal (part 1, Damascus, 1921), *La Revue de l'Académie Arabe*.

### MEETINGS OF TRUSTEES

A meeting of the Trustees was held at the Columbia Club, New York City, February 18. The most important business was the selection of the building plans. The results of the action taken are given above.

Prof. Max L. Margolis, of Dropsie College, was appointed Annual Professor at Jerusalem for 1924–25.

The Zion Research Foundation had generously given the widest latitude in the use of its gift of \$1000 for the discovery of Biblical manuscripts, and it was voted to use part of this fund for defraying the cost of a trip which it is expected Professor Hatch will make next winter to Mount Sinai to search for manuscripts in the Convent of St. Catharine.

Action was taken in the matter of simplifying and combining various funds of the corporation. Various moneys were united in an Excavation Fund, which is to be used for excavations, and this now amounts to \$3,500.

A meeting of the Trustees was held at the Old Colony Club, New York City, May 6, and various matters of business transacted.

### NOTES

Prof. R. V. D. MAGOFFIN, of Johns Hopkins University, was elected President of the Archæological Institute at Christmas and we welcome him to the Board of Trustees. He has issued an inspiring circular letter to all

the members of the Institute, calling their attention to the present opportunity for American research in archæology. He says, *inter alia*: "Funds for excavations are especially needed by all our Schools. Books, buildings, and accessories of various kinds come next, The Greek and Oriental Schools just now need the most, and can with profit use the money best. . . ." He proceeds boldly to ask for a quarter of a million endowment for each of the five schools of the Institute. It is the new President's policy to draw closer the bonds between the Institute and the Schools, to insist that the responsibility of the Institute and the several Schools is mutual. He is making a drive for a 10,000 membership of the Institute.

The first volume of the ANNUAL of our Schools has been widely and favorably noticed in the archæological journals. *Syrie*, the handsome archæological quarterly published under the direction of the French government in Syria, speaks of it thus: "La premier volume, solidement cartonné, imprimé sur beau papier, abondamment illustré, fait, par sa composition, bien inaugurer de l'avenir." A double volume of the ANNUAL (II and III) is now being edited by President Moulton, of Bangor Theological Seminary, and is partly in print.

A series of eight lectures were delivered by Director Albright and Professor Hinke at the School in Jerusalem in November. In December the Director gave a series of five lectures and in January Dr. Hinke a like number of lectures. Various phases of Oriental civilization, history and religion were covered. They were well attended and make part of our contribution to the intellectual life of Jerusalem.

The Thayer Fellowship at the School in Jerusalem, the gift of the Archæological Institute, has been gained for 1922-23 by MARTIN J. WYNGAARDEN, M.A., Harrison Fellow in the Graduate School of the University of Pennsylvania, where he expects to receive the Doctorate in Philosophy at the coming Commencement. Mr. WYNGAARDEN received his education at the University of Washington, Princeton University, and Princeton Theological Seminary.

Prof. A. V. WILLIAMS JACKSON will represent the schools at the centenary celebration of the Société Asiatique in Paris in July. This celebration will coincide with the centennial of Champollion's decipherment of the Rosetta Stone.

The current number of *Art and Archaeology* gives full reports of a munificent gift received by the School at Athens. M. Johannes Gannadius, Dean of the Diplomatic Service of Græce and representative of his country at the Washington Disarmament Conference, has donated to the School his unique Hellenic library, consisting of 50,000 titles, along with a valuable art collection. The chief condition of the gift is that a building be provided for the collection.

Annual Professor HINKE is on his way home, after a very profitable year, and expects to arrive in New York June 8.